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DEFINITIONS

2

In this report, unless the context otherwise requires, the following terms have the following meanings:

associated corporation(s) has the same meaning ascribed to it under the SFO

associate(s) has the same meaning ascribed to it under the Listing

Rules

Audit Committee the audit committee of the Company

Board the board of Directors of the Company

Company Dongwu Cement International Limited, a company

incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability and listed on the main board of the Stock

Exchange

controlling shareholder(s) has the same meaning ascribed to it under the Listing

Rules

Corporate Governance Code the Corporate Governance Code contained in

Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules

Director(s) the director(s) of the Company

Goldview Development Limited, a controlling

shareholder and an associated corporation of the Company, wholly-owned by Mr. Tseung Hok Ming, a

non-executive Director

Group the Company and its subsidiaries

HK\$ Hong Kong dollars, the lawful currency of Hong Kong

IPO the initial public offering of the Shares by the

Company on 13 June 2012

Latest Practicable Date 9 September 2020

Listing Rules the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the

Stock Exchange

Model Code the Model Code for Securities Transactions by

Directors of Listed Issuers contained in Appendix 10 to

the Listing Rules

Reporting Period the six months ended 30 June 2020

RMB or Renminbi Renminbi, the lawful currency of the PRC

PRC or China The People's Republic of China, which only for the

purpose of this report, excludes Hong Kong, the Macau Special Administrative Region of the PRC and

Taiwan

SFO the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of

the Laws of Hong Kong)

Shareholder(s) holder(s) of Shares

Shares shares of the Company in issue, all of which are listed

on the main board of the Stock Exchange

Stock Exchange The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

Substantial Shareholder(s) has the same meaning ascribed to it under the Listing

Rules

% per cent

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

Board of Directors

Executive Directors

Liu Dong (Chairman)

Wu Junxian (appointed on 28 May 2020)

Ling Chao

(completed tenure on 28 May 2020)

Wang Jun

(completed tenure on 28 May 2020)

Chan Ka Wing

(completed tenure on 28 May 2020)

Non-executive Director

Tseung Hok Ming

Xie Yingxia

Independent non-executive Directors

Cao Guoqi

Cao Kuangyu

Yu Xiaoying

(appointed on 19 February 2020)

Lee Ho Yiu Thomas

(resigned on 10 January 2020)

Company Secretary

Sun Xin

Auditor

BDO Limited

25th Floor, Wing On Centre

111 Connaught Road Central

Hong Kong

Authorized Representatives

Liu Dong Sun Xin

Audit Committee

Yu Xiaoying (Chairlady)

Cao Guogi

Cao Kuangyu

Remuneration Committee

Cao Guogi (Chairman)

Cao Kuangyu

Yu Xiaoying

Nomination Committee

Cao Guoqi (Chairman)

Cao Kuangyu

Yu Xiaoying

Stock Code

695

Registered office

Cricket Square

Hutchins Drive

PO Box 2681

Grand Cayman

KY1-1111

Cayman Islands

Principal place of business in the PRC

Lili Town, Wujiang District Suzhou City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC

Principal place of business in Hong Kong

Suite 2510, 25/F

Harbour Centre

25 Harbour Road

Wanchai, Hong Kong

Share Registrar

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wan Chai, Hong Kong

Hong Kong Legal Advisor

Li & Partners 22nd Floor, World-Wide House Central, Hong Kong

Contacts Details

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Company Website

http://www.dongwucement.com

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Industry Overview

Cement Segment

From January to June 2020, the sudden outbreak of the novel coronavirus pneumonia constitutes a major global systemic crisis this year, which has brought unprecedented challenges to various areas including economy, society, and culture. The Chinese government has responded appropriately, and the timely prevention and control measures have quickly brought the epidemic under control. During the Reporting Period, the gross domestic product (GDP) recorded a year-on-year decrease of 1.6% (an increase of 6.3% for the same period in 2019). During the Reporting Period, the fixed asset investment recorded a nominal rate of decline of 3.1% compared with that in the same period of last year (an increase of 5.8% for the same period in 2019). (Data source: National Bureau of Statistics) From January to June 2020, China's domestic cement output totaled 998 million tons, which was 4.8% lower than that of the same period in 2019 (an increase of 6.8% for the same period in 2019). In the first half of 2020, the cement industry was affected by both the novel coronavirus epidemic and the extra-long plum rain season. The domestic cement market demand has experienced a severe decline in stages. Inventories of companies continually maintain at a high level, resulting in unprecedented pressure, but cement prices in most regions remain at a relatively reasonable level. In the first half of the year, as the government promoted the prevention and control of the epidemic as a whole, and adopted various effective policies and measures, production and life gradually recovered. The resumption of work and production has been intensified, the decline in investment has been significantly narrowed, and the upward trend has further emerged. The first quarter is the traditional slack season for consumption in the cement market. Affected by the epidemic, demand has stagnated. Although prices have fallen, the decline is relatively controllable. Entering the peak demand season in the second quarter, especially during the concentrated release of downstream market demand in April and May, monthly sales hit a record high, and cement prices rose moderately in some areas. In mid to late of the month, many places in the southern region encountered heavy rainfall, and prices showed a downward trend. In the first half of the 2020, infrastructure investment fell by 2.7% year-on-year, and the rate of decline narrowed by 3.6 percentage points from January to May. In the first half of 2020, the national cement output was 998 million tons, representing a year-on-year decrease of 4.8%, and the rate of decline narrowed by nearly 20 percentage points compared with the first quarter. In terms of quarterly trend, there was a sharp decline in the first quarter and a sharp rebound in the second quarter. The epidemic caused a slow start of cement demand after the Spring Festival, and the national cement production and sales dropped significantly by 23.93% in the first quarter, the largest decline since the beginning of this century. As the epidemic was effectively controlled in the second quarter, and under the strong promotion of the government, downstream infrastructure projects, real estate and other fields were restored. The backlog of cement demand in the early stage was superimposed on the peak demand season, and cement production increased by 6.9% year-on-year in the second quarter.

In the first half of 2020, prices in East China continued to fall sharply during the off-season in June. As of the end of June, the spot price was RMB20-30 per ton lower than the same period last year. During the plum rain season, continuous rainy weather seriously interfered with regional market demand. The shipment volume of enterprises dropped to 60-70%. Coupled with the impact of imports and sources from the Northeast, cement companies in the region had to adopt a strategy of drastically lowering prices. Take the cement price of provincial capitals of major sales areas (Jiangsu, Zhejiang and Shanghai) of the Group for example, in June, the average price of PO42.5 cement in Nanjing (provincial capital of Jiangsu), Hangzhou (provincial capital of Zhejiang), and Shanghai was RMB430 per ton, RMB490 per ton, and RMB450 per ton respectively, registering a year-on-year decrease of 18.9%, 7.5% and 12.6%, respectively. (Data source: dcement.com)

Environmental Protection Segment

The Group acquired the Biofit Group in 2015, aiming to explore the environmental protection segment market. The Biofit Group is devoted to such niches as sludge treatment and disposal, reclaimed water reusing and dyeing wastewater treatment. The operation of environmental protection segment of the Group has been incorporated into the consolidated statements of the Group since 30 April 2015. Based on our operation experiences, the Board believed that the existing business of Shanghai Biofit was not developed as expectation. After the discussions of the Board, the Group has entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third-party on 16 December 2019 to dispose the entire equity interests it holds in Shanghai Biofit (representing approximately 62.26% of equity interests of Shanghai Biofit) at the aggregate consideration of RMB22 million. For details of the above transaction, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 16 December 2019. The above transaction has been completed. The operation of Shanghai Biofit was no longer incorporated into the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

Money Lending and Financial Services Segment

In December 2017, the Group carried out the money lending business through the acquisition of Golden Stars Assets Management Limited ("Golden Stars") from an independent third party of the Company and its connected persons (as defined under the Listing Rules). Golden Stars holds a money lenders licence under the Money Lenders Ordinance (Chapter 163 of the Laws of Hong Kong) to carry out money lending business in Hong Kong. During the Reporting Period, the money lending operation had not commenced yet. The management will formulate a fundamental policy to establish its internal control systems. The Group will adopt a prudent approach and conduct regular reviews of the composition of the loans portfolio and lending rates charged to each customer in order to maximise the return of the money lending business as well as diversify the credit risk. In August 2017, (i) a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as the purchaser; (ii) an independent third party of the Company and its connected persons (as defined under the Listing Rules), as the vendor; and (iii) the Company (being the guarantor) entered into a conditional sales and purchase agreement for a proposed acquisition to acquire the entire issued share capital in Goldenway Securities Company Limited ("Goldenway"), which is licensed to carry out Type 1 (Dealing in securities) regulated activity under the SFO (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) at a total consideration of HK\$16,000,000 (subject to adjustments determined by the net asset value of Goldenway as at the date of completion of the sales and purchase agreement). On 25 May 2018, as the requirements stipulated in the sales and purchase agreement could not be fulfilled upon the expiry of the long stop period, the sales and purchase agreement was terminated. For details of the above transaction, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 28 May 2018. The Group is looking into other financial service platforms such as fund management companies and plans to further expand this segment via business combination.

Business and Financial Review

Revenue

During the Reporting Period, the Group's revenue amounted to approximately RMB174,805,000, which was all generated from the cement segment, representing a decrease of approximately RMB76,934,000 or 30.6% from approximately RMB251,739,000 in the corresponding period in 2019. The decrease is mainly due to the following reasons

- 1. The sudden outbreak of the novel coronavirus pneumonia epidemic caused delay in operation of customers and a drop in cement sale volume; and
- 2. "The Extra-Long Plum Rain Season" hindered the recovery of prices and sales.

The table below sets forth the analysis of the Group's revenue by product type:

PO 42.5 Cement PC 32.5 Cement

For the six months ended 30 June

	2020			2019	
Sales	Average		Sales	Average	
Volume	Selling Price	Revenue	Volume	Selling Price	Revenue
Thousand			Thousand		
tonnes	RMB/ tonne	RMB'000	tonnes	RMB/ tonne	RMB'000
271	401.72	108,867	398.0	397.73	158.295
201	325.60	65,445	288.0	324.46	93.444

By product, Sales volume of the Group's cement products during the Reporting Period amounted to approximately 472 thousand tonnes, representing a decrease of approximately 31.2% year on year, while the sales revenue of cement products decreased by approximately 30.6% year on year.

The table below sets forth an analysis of the Group's turnover by geographical region:

For the six months ended 30 June

	2020		2019	
		% of total		% of total
	Revenue	turnover	Revenue	turnover
	RMB'000		RMB'000	
Jiangsu Province	138,404	79.40%	202,602	80.48%
Wujiang District	104,709	60.07%	149,088	59.22%
Suzhou (excluding Wujiang District)	33,695	19.33%	53,514	21.26%
Zhejiang Province	30,653	17.59%	37,271	14.81%
Southern Zhejiang Province				
(Taizhou, Zhoushan and Ningbo)	19,900	11.42%	34,570	13.73%
Jiaxing	10,753	6.17%	2,701	1.07%
Shanghai	5,255	3.01%	11,865	4.71%
Total	174,312	100.0%	251,739	100.0%

During the Reporting Period, due to the slowdown of macro-economic growth rate, the sale volume of the Group's cement products have decreased. The sales amount of respective regions have recorded different extents of decrease as compared to the corresponding period last year.

Gross Profit and Gross Profit Margin

During the Reporting Period, the gross profit of cement segment business amounted to approximately RMB29,234,000, representing a decrease of approximately RMB22,890,000 or 43.9% as compared to the gross profit of approximately RMB52,124,000 in the corresponding period last year, while the gross profit margin amounted to approximately 16.7%, representing a decrease of approximately 4.0% in absolute value as compared to approximately 19.2% in the corresponding period last year. The decrease was mainly attributable to the increase in raw material cost resulting from the sudden outbreak of the novel coronavirus pneumonia epidemic and the "Extra-Long Plum Rain Season" in the second quarter during the Reporting Period.

Other Income

During the Reporting Period, the Group's other income amounted to approximately RMB7,322,000, representing a decrease of approximately RMB2,676,000 or 26.8% as compared to approximately RMB9,998,000 in the corresponding period last year. The decrease was mainly due to the decrease in income from government grants resulting from the decrease in revenue during the Reporting Period.

Sales and Distribution Expenses

The Group's distribution expenses amounted to approximately RMB2,122,000, representing an increase of approximately 23.4% as compared to approximately RMB1,720,000 in the corresponding period last year. The increase was mainly due to the increase in transportation expenses during the Reporting Period. Sales and distribution expenses accounted for approximately 1.2% of the consolidated turnover of the Group, representing an increase of 0.3% in absolute value as compared to approximately 0.9% in the corresponding period last year, which was mainly due to the increase in transportation cost during the outbreak.

Administrative Expenses

During the Reporting Period, the Group's general and administrative expenses amounted to approximately RMB17,213,000, representing an increase of RMB3,658,000 or 27.0% as compared to approximately RMB13,555,000 in the corresponding period last year. The increase was due to (1) the additional expected credit loss of approximately RMB2,316,000 due to the epidemic coronavirus disease (COVID-19) and (2) the Information Security System resulted in an increase in depreciation of RMB1,559,000.

30 June 31 December

Income Tax Expense

During the Reporting Period, the Group's income tax expense amounted to approximately RMB7,490,000, representing a significant decrease from approximately RMB15,793,000 in the corresponding period last year, which is mainly attributable to the decrease in profit incurred during the Reporting Period.

Details of the Group's income tax are set out in note 8 to the condensed consolidated financial statements in this report.

Net Profit Margin

During the Reporting Period, the Group's net profit margin was approximately 6.2%.

The net profit margin decreased 9.1% in absolute value as compared to approximately 15.3% in the corresponding period last year. The decrease was mainly attributable to the decrease in revenue due to the reasons described in the section "Revenue" above.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Group planned to meet its working capital requirements primarily through cash flow from operating activities, bank loans and the use of trade and other payables as well as the proceeds from the IPO of the Company.

	2020	2019
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Cash and cash equivalents	187,194	81,826
Borrowings	56,114	37,028
Debt to equity ratio	44.7%	52.7%
Liability to asset ratio	30.9%	34.5%

Cash Flow

As at 30 June 2020, the Group's cash and cash equivalents amounted to approximately RMB187,194,000.

As to the cement segment, the cash and cash equivalents amounted to approximately RMB185,730,000, representing an increase of approximately 131.7% from approximately RMB80,161,000 as at 31 December 2019. The increase was primarily due to the redemption of the perpetual bond during the Reporting Period.

Borrowings

- Cement segment
- Unallocated

30 June	31 December
2020	2019
RMB'000	RMB'000
26,900	22,000
29,214	15,028
56,114	37,028

During the Reporting Period, the bank borrowings of the Group increased by 51.5% from approximately RMB37,028,000 as at 31 December 2019. Bank borrowings of the Group as at 30 June 2020, bearing fixed interest rate, amounted to approximately RMB26,900,000, increased by 22.3% compared to that as at 31 December 2019.

The aforesaid borrowings were not secured, pledged and guaranteed by the Group's property, plant and equipment, land use rights, bill receivables and restricted bank deposits (as at 31 December 2019: approximately RMB12,000,000 was not secured, pledged and guaranteed by the Group's property, plant and equipment, land use rights, bill receivables and restricted bank deposits).

Details of the Group's borrowings due are set out in note 17 to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

As at 30 June 2020, the Group had unutilized bank financing facilities of RMB29,000,000.

Debt to Equity Ratio

As at 30 June 2020, the Group's debt to equity ratio was 44.7%.

Among others, the debt to equity ratio of the cement segment was 38.0%, remained broadly flat compared to 40.4% as at 31 December 2019.

The debt to equity ratio is calculated by dividing the debt by the difference between total assets and total liabilities

Capital Expenditure and Capital Commitments

As at 30 June 2020, the Group's capital expenditure amounted to approximately RMB14,844,000. Among others, the capital expenditure of the cement segment amounted to approximately RMB14,844,000, representing a notable decrease from approximately RMB19,469,000 in the corresponding period last year.

As at 30 June 2020, the Group had no capital commitments (31 December 2019: RMB1,464,000).

Pledge of Assets

As at 30 June 2020, the Group did not pledge any assets during the Reporting Period.

Contingent Liabilities

As at 30 June 2020, the Group had no material contingent liabilities.

Foreign Currency Risk

The Group conducted its business primarily in Mainland China with the majority of its operating expenses and capital accounts denominated in Renminbi, and a small amount denominated in Hong Kong dollars. Foreign exchange debts were primarily a result of the Group's payment of offshore intermediary fees. During the Reporting Period, the Hong Kong dollars of the Company deposited with the offshore banks recorded a foreign exchange loss of approximately RMB1,154,000 due to the depreciation of Hong Kong dollars.

During the Reporting Period, the Group did not expose to any material currency exchange risks, and therefore the Group did not implement any hedging measures for such risks. As Renminbi is not a freely convertible currency, the future exchange rates of Renminbi could vary significantly from the current or historical levels as a result of any controls that the PRC government may impose. The exchange rates may also be affected by economic developments and political changes in the PRC and/or abroad, as well as the demand and supply of Renminbi. A significant appreciation or devaluation of Renminbi against foreign currencies resulting from the Company's exchange of its remaining balance of IPO net proceeds into Renminbi may have a positive or negative impact on the Company's financial position. The management will closely monitor the foreign exchange exposures and will consider taking appropriate measures on hedging foreign currency risks when necessary.

Material Acquisitions and Disposals of Subsidiaries and Associated Companies

During the Reporting Period, the Group did not conduct any material acquisitions or disposals of its subsidiaries or associated companies, except the disposal of Biofit Group.

INTERIM DIVIDEND AND CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The Board has decided to declare an interim dividend ("Interim Dividend") of HK\$0.0725 per Share (after tax) for the six months ended 30 June 2020. The Interim Dividend will be paid on 30 September 2020.

The register of H Share members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 15 September 2020 to Thursday, 17 September 2020 (both days inclusive). In order to establish entitlements to the Interim Dividend, all transfer documents must be lodged for registration with the H Share registrar of the Company in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at 17M Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 14 September 2020.

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

As at 30 June 2020, the Group had a total of 226 employees. The total remuneration of our employees amounted to approximately RMB7,015,000 during the Reporting Period. The remuneration levels of employees are commensurate with their responsibilities, performance and contributions and set on the basis of their merits, qualification and competence as well as the opinions from the remuneration committee of the Company (if applicable).

FUTURE PROSPECTS

In the second half of 2020, as the novel coronavirus epidemic was effectively controlled, the Group will continue to reduce costs in an effective manner through improving its internal management; upgrading existing company facilities to increase production efficiency and reduce maintenance costs; expand market share and increase profitability of our products by refining customer services; continue to positively exploring investment opportunities in emerging industries; and make attempts in capital operation to enhance operating efficiency and improve overall competitiveness.

OTHER INFORMATION

Share Capital

As at 30 June 2020, the Company's issued share capital was HK\$5,520,000, divided into 552,000,000 Shares with a par value of HK\$0.01 each.

Interests and Short Positions of Directors, Supervisors and Chief Executive in the Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures of the Company and its Associated Corporations

As at 30 June 2020, the interests of the Directors, chief executive or their respective associates in the Shares and underlying Shares of the Company and its associated corporations which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be recorded in the register maintained by the Company are as follows:

Name	Capacity	Long position/ Short position	Number of Shares held	Approximate percentage of shareholding
Tseung Hok Ming ¹	Interest of controlled corporation	Long position	297,500,000	53.89%
Ling Chao	Beneficial owner	Long position	3,504,000	0.63%

Notes:

Goldview is wholly-owned by Mr. Tseung Hok Ming, a non-executive Director. Accordingly,
Mr. Tseung is deemed to be interested in the same Shares of the Company held by Goldview by
virtue of Part XV of the SFO. Goldview is also an associated corporation of the Company.

Save as disclosed in the above, as at 30 June 2020, so far as is known to the Directors, no Directors or chief executive of the Company or their respective associates had or were deemed to have any interests or short positions in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations by virtue of Part XV of the SFO which had to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO or the Model Code, or which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be recorded in the register referred to therein

As at 30 June 2020, none of the Directors and chief executive of the Company (including their respective spouses and children under the age of 18) had or were granted any rights to subscribe for the securities and share options of the Company and its associated corporations, nor had they exercised any such rights.

Interests and Short Positions of Substantial Shareholders in the Shares of the Company

As at 30 June 2020, so far as is known to the Directors, the person(s), not being the Directors or chief executive of the Company, who had any interests or short positions in the Shares and underlying Shares of the Company required to be recorded in the register kept under section 336 of the SFO are set out below:

Name	Capacity	Long position/ Short position	Number of shares held	Approximate percentage of shareholding
Goldview ¹	Beneficial owner	Long position	297,500,000	53.89%
Inventive Star Limited ²	Beneficial owner	Long position	37,500,000	6.79%

Notes:

- Goldview is wholly-owned by Mr. Tseung Hok Ming, a non-executive Director. Accordingly,
 Mr. Tseung is deemed to be interested in the same Shares of the Company held by Goldview by
 virtue of Part XV of the SFO.
- Inventive Star Limited is wholly-owned by Mr. Cui Lijie. Accordingly, Mr. Cui is deemed to be interested in the same Shares of the Company held by Inventive Star Limited by virtue of Part XV of the SFO.

Save as disclosed in the above, as at 30 June 2020, so far as is known to the Directors, no other persons had any interests or short positions in the Shares and underlying Shares of the Company which had to be disclosed to the Company or the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were required to be recorded in the register kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO.

Share Option Scheme

The Company adopted a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") on 28 May 2015. Please refer to the circular of the Company dated 27 April 2015 for details.

The Company did not grant any share options under the Share Option Scheme during the Reporting Period and there are no options remaining outstanding and unexercised during the Reporting Period.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

The Company or any of its subsidiaries did not purchase, sell or redeem any listed securities of the Company during the Reporting Period.

MATERIAL LITIGATION AND ARBITRATION

So far as is known to the Directors, the Group was not involved in any litigation, arbitration or claims of material importance and there was no litigation or claims of material importance to be pending or threatened by or against the Company during the Reporting Period.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The Company is committed to achieving and maintaining high standards of corporate governance. The Board believes that effective corporate governance and disclosure practices are not only crucial to the enhancement of the Company's accountability and transparency and investors' confidence, but also critical to the Group's long-term success. The Company has adopted the code provisions in the Corporate Governance Code ("Corporate Governance Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules as its own code on corporate governance.

The Company has complied with the Corporate Governance Code during the Reporting Period.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE LISTING RULES

During the period from 10 January 2020 to 19 February 2020, the Company has failed to meet the requirements of having:

- at least three independent non-executive directors on the Board under Rule
 3.10(1) of the Listing Rules;
- independent non-executive directors who represent at least one-third of the Board under Rule 3.10A of the Listing Rules;
- 3. at least one of the independent non-executive directors must have appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise (the "Qualification") under Rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules; and
- 4. the Audit Committee comprising only non-executive directors with a minimum of three members and chaired by an independent non-executive director, and at least one of the members is an independent non-executive director who possesses the Qualification under Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules.

As of the end of the reporting period, the Company currently has sufficient independent non-executive directors to comply with the relevant rule.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE MODEL CODE

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors. Having made specific enquiries to all Directors, all Directors have confirmed that they had complied with the required standards as set out in the Model Code during the Reporting Period.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee of the Company ("Audit Committee") has reviewed the Group's unaudited interim financial report for the six months ended 30 June 2020 and has discussed the financial reporting with the management. The Audit Committee is of the opinion that the preparation of these financial statements within which the appropriate disclosures have been made has complied with the applicable accounting standards and requirements.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

As at the date of this report, there is no significant event that requires additional disclosures or might affect the Company after the Reporting Period.

By order of the Board

Dongwu Cement International Limited

Liu Dong

Chairman

Hong Kong, 21 August 2020

REPORT ON REVIEW OF CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF DONGWU CEMENT INTERNATIONAL LIMITED (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

Introduction

We have reviewed the condensed consolidated interim financial statements set out on pages 22 to 56, which comprises the condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position of Dongwu Cement International Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") as at 30 June 2020 and the related condensed consolidated interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, condensed consolidated interim statement of changes in equity and condensed consolidated interim statement of cash flows for the sixmonth period then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes (the "condensed consolidated interim financial statements"). The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited require the preparation of a report on interim financial statements to be in compliance with the relevant provisions thereof and Hong Kong Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" ("HKAS 34") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements in accordance with HKAS 34. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the condensed consolidated interim financial statements based on our review. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Statements Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A review of interim financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the condensed consolidated interim financial statements is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with HKAS 34.

BDO Limited

Certified Public Accountants

Chan Wing Fai

Practising Certificate no. P05443

Hong Kong, 21 August 2020

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Six months ended 30 June

		JIX IIIOIIIII E	idea 30 Julie
	Notes	2020 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	2019 RMB'000 (Unaudited and re-presented)
Revenue Cost of sales	7	174,805 (145,571)	251,739 (199,615)
Gross profit Distribution expenses Administrative expenses Other income		29,234 (2,122) (17,213) 7,322	52,124 (1,720) (13,555) 9,998
Operating income Finance income Finance expenses		17,221 1,466 (1,718)	46,847 898 (1,690)
Finance expenses – net Share of results of an associate		(252) 1,217	(792) 1,893
Profit before income tax expense Income tax expense	9(a) 8	18,186 (7,490)	47,948 (15,793)
Profit for the period from continuing operations		10,696	32,155
Discontinued operation Loss for the period from discontinued operation, after tax	26	87	(127)
Profit for the period		10,783	32,028
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: Changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through			
other comprehensive income			2,466
Other comprehensive income, net of tax			2,466
Total comprehensive income for the period		10,783	34,494

Six months ended 30 June

Profit/(loss) for the period attributable to:	Notes	2020 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	2019 RMB'000 (Unaudited and re-presented)
Owners of the Company — From continuing operations — From discontinued operation		10,696	32,155 (79)
Non-controlling interests – From discontinued operation		(26)	32,076 (48)
		10,783	32,028
Total comprehensive income for the period attributable to: Owners of the Company		40.505	24.624
 From continuing operations From discontinued operation 		10,696 113 10,809	34,621 (79) 34,542
Non-controlling interests – From discontinued operation		(26)	(48)
		10,783	34,494
Earnings per share from continuing and discontinued Operations – Basic and diluted (RMB per share) Earnings per share from continuing	20	0.020	0.058
operations – Basic and diluted (RMB per share)	20	0.019	0.058

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	Notes	30 June 2020 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2019 RMB'000 (Audited)
ASSETS Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	10	173,967	169,102
Intangible assets	11	403	403
Investment in an associate	13	31,404	30,187
Deposits	14	4,000	_
Financial assets at fair value through		,	
profit and loss	12		110,000
Total non-current assets		209,774	309,692
Current assets			
Inventories		36,156	27,906
Trade and other receivables	14	239,053	272,053
Short-term bank deposits		94,200	49,180
Cash and cash equivalents		187,194	81,826
		556,603	430,965
Assets of discontinued operation			
classified as held for sale			63,256
Total current assets		556,603	494,221
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	16	144,508	161,039
Lease liabilities	22	1,156	63
Income tax payables		7,619	19,047
Borrowings	17	56,114	37,028
		209,397	217,177

	Notes	30 June 2020 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2019 RMB'000 (Audited)
Liabilities of discontinued operation classified as held for sale			33,648
Total current liabilities		209,397	250,825
Net current assets		347,206	243,396
Total assets less current liabilities		556,980	553,088
Non-current liabilities Deferred tax liabilities	18	27,363	26,559
Total non-current liabilities		27,363	26,559
Net assets		529,617	526,529
EQUITY Equity attributable to owners of the Company			
Share capital Reserves	19	4,490 525,127	4,490 514,344
		529,617	518,834
Non-controlling interests			7,695
Total equity		529,617	526,529

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Equity attributable to owners of the Company						
	Share capital RMB'000 (Note 19)	Other reserves RMB'000	Fair value through other comprehensive income reserve RMB'000	Retained earnings RMB'000	Total RMB'000	Non- controlling interests RMB'000	Total equity RMB'000
At 1 January 2020 (audited)	4,490	346,503		167,841	518,834	7,695	526,529
Profit/(loss) for the period Disposal of a subsidiary Appropriation to statutory reserve	- -	- - 1,760		10,809 (26) (1,760)	10,809 (26) 	(26) (7,669) 	10,783 (7,695)
At 30 June 2020 (unaudited)	4,490	348,263		176,864	529,617		529,617
At 1 January 2019 (re-presented)	4,490	336,971	(2,466)	144,750	483,745	13,662	497,407
Profit/(loss) for the period Other comprehensive income Changes in fair value of financial assets	-	-	-	32,219	32,219	(48)	32,171
at fair value through other comprehensive income			2,466	(143)	2,323		2,323
Total comprehensive income Appropriation to statutory reserve		4,088	2,466 	31,076 (4,088)	34,399 	(48)	34,494
At 30 June 2019 (unaudited)	4,490	341,059		172,738	518,287	13,614	531,901

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

OF CASH FLOWS			
	Six months ended 30 June		
	2020	2019	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited	
		and	
		represented)	
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash (used in)/generated from operating activities	(64,672)	63,195	
Income tax paid	(18,113)	(15,207)	
Government grant received	98	(13,207)	
Interest paid	(1,718)	(1,841)	
interest paid	(1,710)	(1,041)	
Net cash (used in)/generated from			
operating activities	(84,405)	46,147	
Cash flows from investing activities			
Interest received	1,466	899	
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(14,844)	(19,469)	
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets			
at fair value through profit or loss	112,455	_	
Net cash proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries	21,977	_	
Deposit for purchase of property,	4 000		
plant and equipment	4,000	(10,000)	
Loans to third parties	(8,000)	(10,000)	
Repayments from third parties	99,000	30,000	
Invest in short-term bank deposits	(45,020)	(4,780)	
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities	171,034	(3,350)	
Net cash generated from (asea in) investing activities	171,054	(3,330)	
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from borrowings	97,086	42,240	
Repayment of borrowings	(78,000)	(55,025)	
Repayment of principal portion of the lease liabilities	(347)	(368)	
Advance from a non-controlling shareholder of a			
subsidiary		20,000	
Net and an extend from figure in a set it	40.720	C 0.47	
Net cash generated from financing activities	18,739	6,847	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	105,368	49,644	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of	105,500	15,044	
the period	81,826	35,726	
P			
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of			
the period	187,194	85,370	

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Dongwu Cement International Limited (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 29 November 2011. The address of its registered office is at the offices of Codan Trust Company (Cayman) Limited, Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands.

The Company is an investing holding company. The Company and its subsidiaries are collectively referred to as the "Group". The Group is principally engaged in the production and sales of cement and provision of sewage and sludge treatment operation and construction services. The principal place of the Group's business is Fenhu Economic Development Zone, Wujiang, Jiangsu Province, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

The Company's shares have been listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited since 13 June 2012.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

These condensed consolidated interim financial information (the "Financial Information"). have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard 34 ("HKAS 34"), issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and the applicable disclosure provisions of Main Board Listing Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. These condensed consolidated interim financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors (the "Board") for issue on 21 August 2020.

The Financial Information has been prepared with the same accounting policies adopted in the 2019 annual financial statements, except for those that relate to new standards or interpretations effective for the first time for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020. Details of any changes in accounting policies are set out in note 3.

The preparation of the Financial Information in compliance with HKAS 34 requires the use of certain judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses on a year to date basis. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The areas where significant judgments and estimates have been made in preparing the financial statements and their effect are disclosed in note 4.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)

The Financial Information is presented in Renminbi ("RMB"), unless otherwise stated. The Financial Information contains condensed consolidated financial statements and selected explanatory notes. The notes include an explanation of events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in financial position and performance of the Group since the 2019 annual financial statements. The Financial Information does not include all of the information required for a complete set of financial statements prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (the "HKFRSs") and should be read in conjunction with the 2019 consolidated financial statements.

The Financial Information is unaudited, but has been reviewed by BDO Limited in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity", issued by the HKICPA. BDO Limited's independent review report to the Board of Directors is included on pages 20 to 21.

The Financial Information has been prepared under the historical cost convention, except that financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at their fair value.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Changes in HKFRSs

The HKICPA has issued a number of new or amended HKFRSs that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Group:

- Amendments to HKFRS 3: Definition of a Business
- Amendments to HKFRS 7, HKFRS 9 and HKAS 39: Interest Rate Benchmark Reform
- Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8: Definition of Material
- Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting (Revised)

The new or amended HKFRSs that are effective from 1 January 2020 did not have any significant impact on the Group's accounting policies.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.1 CHANGES IN HKFRSs (Continued)

Amendments to HKFRS 3: Definition of a Business

The amendments clarify that a business must include, as a minimum, an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs, together with providing extensive guidance on what is meant by a "substantive process".

Additionally, the amendments remove the assessment of whether market participants are capable of replacing any missing inputs or processes and continuing to produce outputs, whilst narrowing the definition of "outputs" and a "business" to focus on returns from selling goods and services to customers, rather than on cost reductions.

An optional concentration test has also been added that permits a simplified assessment of whether an acquired set of activities and assets is not a business.

Amendments to HKFRS 7, HKFRS 9 and HKAS 39: Interest Rate Benchmark Reform

The amendments modify some specific hedge accounting requirements to provide relief from potential effects of the uncertainties caused by interest rate benchmark reform. In addition, the amendments require companies to provide additional information to investors about their hedging relationships which are directly affected by these uncertainties.

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8: Definition of Material

The amendments clarify the definition and explanation of "material", aligning the definition across all HKFRSs and the Conceptual Framework, and incorporating supporting requirements in HKAS 1 into the definition.

Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting (Revised)

The revised Framework is not a Standard nor an Accounting Guideline. It does not override any Standard, any requirement in a Standard or Accounting Guideline. The revised Framework includes: new chapters on measurement and reporting financial performance; new guidance on derecognition of assets and liabilities; updated definitions of asset and liability; and clarifications in the roles of stewardship, prudence and measurement uncertainty in financial reporting.

3.2 Current income tax

Taxes on income in the interim period are accrued using tax rate that would be applicable to expected total annual earnings.

3.3 Other new HKAS, amendments and interpretations

The Group has not applied any new HKFRSs or amendments that is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

4. USE OF JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of Financial Information require management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In preparing these Financial Information, the significant judgements made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

5.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, cash flow interest rate risk and commodity price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Financial Information do not include all financial risk management information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual financial statements as at 31 December 2019.

There have been no changes in the risk management department since year end or in any risk management policies since the year end.

5.2 Liquidity risk

The Group aims to maintain sufficient cash and credit lines to meet its liquidity requirements. The Group finances its working capital requirements through a combination of funds generated from operations, short-term bank borrowings and the financial support provided by the equity holders.

Compared to the year-end, there was no material change in the contractual undiscounted cash out flows for financial liabilities.

5.3 Seasonality of operations

There is no obvious seasonality of operations noted for the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2019 and 2020.

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6. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Group determines its operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the chief operating decision-maker that are used to make strategic decisions.

The segments are managed separately as each business offers different products and services and requires different business strategies. The Board has identified the Group's product and service lines as reportable operating segments as follow:

- (i) Production and sales of cements;
- (ii) Provision of sewage and sludge treatment operation and construction services; and
- (iii) Money lending and financial services.

All of the revenue from external customers and non-current assets of the Group are derived from activities or located in the PRC. Accordingly, no geographical information is presented.

In the following table, revenue is disaggregated by major products and service lines and timing of revenue recognition. The table also includes a reconciliation of the disaggregated revenue with the Group's reportable segment.

6. SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

For the six months ended 30 June 2020 (Unaudited)

	Continuing	operation	Discontinued operation	
	Production and sales of cements RMB'000	Money lending and financial services RMB'000	Provision of sewage and sludge treatment operation and construction services RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Time of revenue Recognition At a point in time	174,805			174,805
Segment revenue (Note 7)	174,805			174,805
Segment results	22,195	(20)	87	22,262
Unallocated expenses Income tax expense	(7,490)			(3,989) (7,490)
Profit for the period				10,783
As at 30 June 2020 (Unaudited) Segment assets	739,952	415		740,367
Unallocated assets				26,010
Total assets				766,377
Segment liabilities	204,407	44		204,451
Unallocated liabilities				32,309
Total liabilities				236,760

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6. SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

For the six months ended 30 June 2019 (Unaudited)

	Continuing operation		Discontinued operation	
	Production and sales of cements RMB'000	Money lending and financial services RMB'000	Provision of sewage and sludge treatment operation and construction services RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Time of revenue Recognition At a point in time	251,739			251,739
Segment revenue (Note 7)	251,739		_	251,739
Segment results	54,209	(18)	(133)	54,058
Unallocated expenses Income tax (expense)/credit	(15,794)		6	(6,242) (15,788)
Profit for the period				32,028
As at 31 December 2019 (Audited) Segment assets	737,687	445	63,256	801,388
Unallocated assets				2,525
Total assets				803,913
Segment liabilities	210,911	44	33,648	244,603
Unallocated liabilities				32,781
Total liabilities				277,384

Segment revenue reported above represents revenue generated from external customers and revenue from contracts with customer. There were no inter-segment sales for both periods. Revenue derived from the single largest external independent customers amounted to 2.86% of the Group's revenue for the period (30 June 2019: 9.25%).

7. REVENUE

The Company is an investment holding company. Its subsidiaries in the PRC are principally engaged in the manufacture and sale of cements and provision of sewage and sludge treatment operation and construction services. The Group's revenue is analysed as follows:

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2020	2019	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited and	
		re-presented)	
Continuing operations			
Sale of ordinary Portland cement strength class 42.5	108,867	157,314	
Sale of composite Portland cement strength class 32.5R	65,445	93,444	
Solid waste processing income	493	981	
	174,805	251,739	
Discontinued operation			
Provision of sewage and sludge treatment operation			
and construction services			
	174 OOF	251 720	

All of the Group's revenue is derived from contracts with customers.

7. **REVENUE** (CONTINUED)

The following table provides information about trade receivables, bill receivables, contract assets and contract liabilities from contracts with customers.

	As at	
	30 June	31 December
	2020	2019
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Continuing operations Trade and bills receivables, net (Note 14) Contract liabilities	92,676 (25,600)	102,628 (16,597)
Discontinued operation		
Trade receivables, net	-	2,243
Contract assets, net	-	27,692
Contract liabilities	-	(6,690)

The contract assets primarily relate to the Group's rights to consideration for work completed but not billed at the reporting date on revenue related to the provisions of construction services. The contract assets are transferred to receivables when the rights become unconditional. This usually occurs when the Group provides the invoice to the customer.

The contract liabilities mainly relate to the advance consideration received from customers. RMB16,597,000 (30 June 2019: RMB6,084,000) of the contract liabilities as of 1 January 2020 has been recognised as revenue for the six months ended 30 June 2020 from performance obliquations satisfied in current period.

The Group has applied the practical expedient to its sales contracts for sales of cement products and therefore the above information does not include information about revenue that the Group will be entitled to when it satisfies the remaining performance obligations under the contracts for sales of cement products that had an original expected duration of one year or less.

Civ months and ad 20 Juna

8. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Six months ended 30 June	
2020	2019
RMB'000	RMB'000
(Unaudited)	(Unaudited and
	re-presented)
6,686	11,922
804	3,871
7,490	15,793
	(6)
	(6)
7,490	15,787
	2020 RMB'000 (Unaudited) 6,686 804 7,490

Pursuant to the rules and regulations of Cayman Islands and the British Virgin Islands, the Group is not subject to any income tax in those jurisdictions.

Hong Kong profits tax rate is calculated by applying the estimated weighted average income tax rate expected for the full financial period of 16.5% (2019: 16.5%) to the six months ended 30 June 2020. Taxation for overseas subsidiaries is similarly calculated using the estimated annual effective rates of taxation that are expected to be applicable in the relevant countries. The Group is not subject to Hong Kong profits tax as it has no assessable income arising in and derived from Hong Kong during the period (30 June 2019: Nil).

Pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations in the PRC, the PRC enterprise income tax rate of all the PRC subsidiaries was 25% on their taxable profits for the six months ended 30 June 2020 except for Shanghai Biofit Environmental Technology Co., Ltd changed at 15% as it successfully obtained the "National High Technology Enterprise" status and the applicable PRC enterprise income tax rate was 15% for the period (30 June 2019: 15%).

9. PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX EXPENSE

(a) The Group's profit before income tax expense is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2020	2019
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited and
		Re-presented)
Cost of inventories sold	144,708	197,215
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	11,418	8,849
Provision for impairment on trade		
receivables, net	1,352	2,352
Provision for impairment on other		
receivables, net	68	311
Provision/(reversal of provision) on impairment		
on loan receivables, net	229	(2,156)
Employee expenses (including directors'		
remuneration)		
– wages and salaries	7,015	9,818
– pension scheme contribution	849	1,838
Auditor remuneration	140	140
Minimum lease payments under operating		
leases for buildings	-	1,417

(b) Discontinued operation

On 16 December 2019, the Board resolved to dispose of Shanghai Biofit Environmental Technology Co. Ltd. ("Shanghai Biofit") and its subsidiaries (together the "Biofit Group") by disposal of the investment holding company of the Biofit Group (together the "Disposal Group"). The Biofit Group is principally engaged in business of organic wastewater treatment, sludge treatment and disposal, comprehensive treatment of urban organic waste and other integrated environment services.

The disposal was completed in March 2020 and the Disposal Group's operation was classified as a discontinued operation.

9. PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONTINUED)

(b) Discontinued operation (Continued)

Revenue, results and cash flows of the Disposal Group were as follows:

	Paid from	
	1 January	
	to 23 March	
	2020 (Date of	Six month ended
	disposal)	30 June 2019
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited and
		Re-presented)
Revenue	_	(510)
Administrative expenses	_	(519)
Other income	-	535
Finance cost – net	(68)	(149)
Landard Commence	(60)	(4.22)
Loss before income tax expenses	(68)	(133)
Income tax credit		6
Land for the control forms and because in ord		
Loss for the period from a discontinued	(69)	(127)
operation	(68)	(127)
Loss for the period from a discontinued		
operation attributable to:		
Owner of the company	(42)	(79)
Non-controlling interests	(26)	(48)
	(68)	(127)
	From 1 January to 23 March	
	2020 (Date of	Six month ended
	disposal)	30 June 2019
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited and
	(Ollauditeu)	Re-presented)
		ne presented)
Operating cash outflows	-	1,083
Investing cash inflows	-	(6)
Financing cash inflows		(2,000)
Total cash outflows	_	(923)

10. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Property,
	plant and equipment
	RMB'000
	KIVIB UUU
Six months ended 30 June 2020	
Net book value	
Carrying amount as at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020 (Audited)	169,102
Additions	16,281
Depreciation	(11,418)
Exchange realignment	2
Carrying amount as at 30 June 2020 (Unaudited)	173,967
Six months ended 30 June 2019	
Carrying amount as at 1 January 2019 (Re-presented)	135,533
Additions	19,469
Depreciation	(8,849)
Exchange realignment	(8)
Carrying amount as at 30 June 2019 (Unaudited)	146,145

Note: The following table summarized the right-of-use assets capitalised by nature of underlying assets that included in the property, plant and equipment:

Right-of-use assets	Land use right RMB'000	Land and buildings RMB'000	Total RMB'000
At 1 January 2020	14,888	61	14,949
Addition	-	1,437	1,437
Depreciation	(202)	(362)	(564)
Exchange differences			2
At 30 June 2020	14,686	1,138	15,824
At 1 January 2019	15,296	797	16,093
Depreciation	(204)	(358)	(562)
Exchange differences		(8)	(8)
At 30 June 2019	15,092	431	15,523

11. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The balance related to the cost of money lending licence is considered by the directors of the Company as having indefinite useful lives because it is expected that the money lending licence can be renewed continuously at minimal cost and it will contribute net cash inflows for the Group in the foreseeable future. The money lenders licence will not be amortised until its useful life is determined to be finite. Instead it will be tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that it may be impaired.

For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount of the money lenders licence has been determined based on fair value less costs of disposal estimated by the management.

12. FINANCIAL ASSETS

(a) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

On 4 April 2018, the Group entered into an equity transfer agreement with Orient Hengxin Capital Holdings Limited (the "Vendor") which was owned as to 70% by Mr. Tseung Hok Ming, the non-executive director and controlling shareholder of the Company ("Mr. Tseung"), to acquire 18% equity interests in Suzhou Dongfang Kangtan New Energy Technology Company Limited ("Dongfang Kangtan") at a cash consideration of RMB9,000,000. Dongfang Kangtan, a limited liability company incorporated in the PRC, is principally engaged in the solar power and electric heating, and application of grapheme and carbon fiber for heating generation and transmission; the manufacture of floor, under-floor heating and far infrared products; technology transfer and cooperation on intellectual property as well as other operations.

The investment is classified as fair value through other comprehensive income. On 30 December 2019, the investment is sold to an independent third party for a cash consideration of RMB9,000,000. Fair value gain of this investment of approximately RMB2,466,000 for the period ended 30 June 2019 was recognised in other comprehensive income.

12. FINANCIAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

(b) Financial assets of fair value through profit or loss

On 23 December 2019, the Group entered into an investment agreement to subscribe a perpetual bond with the principal amount of RMB110,000,000 from an unlisted issuer, Chongqing International Construction Corporation. The perpetual bonds were purchased for broadening the Group's revenue stream and achieve better returns from the idle cash resources of the Group. Distributions on the perpetual bond are paid annually in arrears from 30 December 2019 and can be deferred at the discretion of the issuer. The perpetual bonds have no fixed maturity and are redeemable at the issuer's option on or after 30 December 2019 at their principal amounts together with any accrued, unpaid or deferred distributions. While any distributions are unpaid or deferred, the issuer cannot declare or, pay dividends or make distributions or similar periodic payments in respect of, or repurchase, redeem or otherwise acquire any securities of lower or equal rank, which includes the ordinary shares of the issuer.

The investment is classified as fair value through profit or loss. In May 2020, the issuer had fully redeemed the bond and repaid approximately RMB112,455,000 to the Group.

13. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE

Unlisted equity investment:
As at the beginning
Share of results of an associate

As at the end of period ended and year ended

As at		
30 June	31 December	
2020	2019	
RMB'000	RMB'000	
(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	
30,187	24,000	
1,217	6,187	
31,404	30,187	

The Group has a 43.2% (31 December 2019: 43.2%) interest in an associate, Suzhou Dongtong Environment and Technology Company Limited (蘇州東通環保科技有限公司, "Dongtong Environment and Technology"), which was incorporated and operates in the PRC. The principal activity of Dongtong Environment and Technology is research and development on environmental technology and provision of related services.

14. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	As at	
	30 June	31 December
	2020	2019
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Trade and bills receivables from third parties	95,828	104,428
Less: provision for impairment (Note (iv))	(3,152)	(1,800)
Trade and bills receivables, net (Note (i))	92,676	102,628
Prepayments (Note (ii))	89,464	23,490
Loans to 蘇州東通建設發展有限公司 (Suzhou Dongtong		
Construction and Development Co., Ltd.*,"Dongtong")	-	66,400
Loan receivables (Note (iii))	30,000	61,000
Other receivables	32,540	19,865
Less: provision for impairment on other receivables		
(Note (iv))	(331)	(263)
Less: provision for impairment on loans receivables		
(Note (iv))	(1,296)	(1,067)
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	150,377	169,425
Total trade and other receivables	243,053	272,053
Lace and surrent mostion		
Less: non-current portion	(4,000)	
Prepayments (Note (ii))	(4,000)	
Trade and other receivables-current portion	239,053	272,053

^{*} The English translation of the entity name is for reference only. Its official name is in Chinese.

As at 30 June 2020 and 31 December 2019, no trade and bills receivable were pledged for the borrowings.

14 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

(i) Trade and bills receivables

Credit terms given to its customers in cement segment and sewage and sludge treatment segment generally range from 30 to 90 days (31 December 2019: 30 to 90 days). For major customers, depending on their business relationships with the Group and their creditworthiness, the Group may grant them the following credit terms: (i) a revolving credit limit of between RMB1,000,000 and RMB50,000,000 with a credit period of up to 365 days, and (ii) any outstanding payables in excess of the said revolving credit limit with a credit period of between 0 to 30 days.

Bills receivable represent bills received from customers for settlement of trade receivables. Bills receivables are normally due within 180 days.

Ageing analysis of trade and bills receivables (net of provision) by invoice date and issuance date of bills are as follows:

Within 90 days
From 91 days to 180 days
From 181 days to 1 year
From 1 year to 2 years
Over 2 years

As at		
30 June	31 December	
2020	2019	
RMB'000	RMB'000	
(Unaudited)	(Audited)	
67,006	55,195	
13,121	34,308	
7,759	10,789	
4,439	1,990	
351	346	
92,676	102,628	

(a) These are past due but not impaired and related to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, the directors are of the opinion that no provision for impairment is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances.

(ii) Prepayments

As at 30 June 2020, included in the Group's prepayments were mainly represented by the prepayment amounted RMB89,464,000 and RMB4,000,000 (31 December 2019: RMB14,394,000 and nil) paid to the suppliers for the raw material purchase and equipment purchase respectively.

14 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

(iii) Loans receivables

As at 30 June 2020, the Group's loan receivables represent an unsecured loan receivables of RMB22,000,000 (31 December 2019: RMB22,000,000) from a third party with interest at a fixed rate of 7% per annum repayable in October 2020; and an unsecured loan receivables of RMB8,000,000 (31 December 2019: RMB nil) from a third party with interest at a fixed rate of 7% per annum repayable in March 2021. Unsecured loan receivables of RMB39,000,000 from third parties with interest at a fixed rate of 8-12% per annum was received in March 2020.

(iv) Movements of the provision for impairment of trade and other receivables are as follows:

	As at	
	30 June	31 December
	2020	2019
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Trade receivables:		
Beginning of period/year	1,800	3,853
Provision for the period/year	1,548	896
Balance recovered for the period/year	(196)	(2,949)
End of period/year	3,152	1,800
End of period/year	3,132	1,000
Contract assets:		
Beginning of period/year	-	2,240
Write off	-	(902)
Attributable to held for sale	-	(1,338)
End of period/year		
End of period/year		
Other receivables:		
Beginning of period/year	263	6
Provision for the period/year	252	257
Balance recovered for the period/year	(184)	_
End of period/year	331	263
End of period/year	331	203
Loan receivables:		
Beginning of period/year	1,067	3,888
Provision for the period/year	229	1,067
Balance recovered for the period/year	_	(3,888)
5 1 6 1 1/2		
End of period/year	1,296	1,067

14 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

(iv) Movements of the provision for impairment of trade and other receivables are as follows: (Continued)

The origination and release of provision for impairment of trade receivables, contract assets, other receivables and loan receivables have been included in administrative expenses in the profit or loss. Amounts charged to impairment account are generally written off, when there is no expectation of recovering additional cash. The Group recognised impairment loss on individual assessment in accordance with the accounting policy.

15. CONTRACT ASSETS

	As at	
	30 June	31 December
	2020	2019
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Contracts in progress at the end of period/year: Contract costs incurred	-	65,521
Recognised profits less recognised losses		
Progress billings Provision for impairment		65,521 (36,491) (1,338) 27,692
		27,032
Represented by: Assets of a discontinued operation classified as held for sale		27,692

As at

16. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	As at	
	30 June	31 December
	2020	2019
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Trade payables	76,245	72,311
Bill payables	33,000	40,000
Contract liabilities	25,600	16,597
Salary and bonus payables	824	3,964
VAT payables	5,762	2,916
Other payables	3,077	14,251
Deposit received for sale of the Biofit Group	-	11,000
	144,508	161,039

The credit period granted by the Group's principal suppliers is 30 to 90 days. Most of the Group's trade and other payables are denominated in RMB.

The carrying value of the Group's trade and other payables approximated to their fair values.

Aging analysis of trade payables are as follows:

	30 June	31 December
	2020	2019
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	(01111111111111111111111111111111111111	(riddited)
Below 30 days	35,722	47,293
From 31 days to 90 days	30,510	18,362
From 91 days to 180 days	5,697	4,177
From 181 days to 1 year	1,762	1,170
From 1 year to 2 years	1,339	571
Over 2 years	1,215	738
	76,245	72,311

17. BORROWINGS

	As at	
	30 June	31 December
	2020	2019
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Bank borrowings (note (a),(b))	26,900	25,000
Other loan (note (c),(d))	27,681	13,700
Other loan, unsecured (note (e))	1,533	1,328
Less: Attributable to held for sale (note (b))		(3,000)
Total bank loans	56,114	37,028
Carrying amount of borrowings repayable:		
On demand or within one year	56,114	37,028

Notes:

- (a) As at 30 June 2020, bank borrowing of approximately RMB26,900,000 (31 December 2019: RMB22,000,000) was secured by corporate guarantees from the Company.
- (b) As at 31 December 2019, another bank borrowings of approximately RMB3,000,000 was secured by personal guarantees from an executive director of the Company, Mr. Ling Chao and his close family member with interest at a fixed rate of 5.65% per annum and repayable on June 2020. Due to the completion of disposal of the Biofit Group, this borrowing was transferred to an independent third party (Note 26).
- (c) As at 30 June 2020, the Group's other loan represented (i) an other loan of RMB15,750,000 (31 December 2019: RMB1,769,000) from one third party was secured by corporate guarantees from the Company; (ii) an other loan of RMB1,231,000 (31 December 2019: RMB1,231,000) from another third party was secured by corporate guarantees from the Company.
- (d) As at 30 June 2020, unsecured other loan of approximately HKD11,865,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB10,700,000) (31 December 2019: HKD11,000,000, equivalent to approximately RMB10,700,000) with a fixed interest rate of 8% per annum were secured by personal guarantees from Mr. Tseung.
- (e) As at 30 June 2020, unsecured other loan of RMB1,533,000 (31 December 2019: RMB1,328,000) with a fixed interest rate of 8% per annum provided by Mr. Tseung.

18. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

	Withholding tax
	for attributable
	profit relating to
Deferred tax liabilities	equity holders
	RMB'000
	(Note (a))
As at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020 (Audited)	26,559
Charged to profit or loss	804
As at 30 June 2020 (Unaudited)	27,363
As at 1 January 2010 (Audited)	17.010
As at 1 January 2019 (Audited)	17,018 3,865
Charged to profit or Loss	
As at 30 June 2019 (Unaudited)	20,883
	<u> </u>

(a) Pursuant to the PRC Corporate Income Tax Law, effective from 1 January 2008, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in the PRC. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between the PRC and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. For the Group, the applicable rate is 10% upon the PRC tax bureau's approval at the time of dividend claim. The Group is therefore liable to withholding taxes on dividends distributed by the subsidiary established in the PRC in respect of their earnings generated from 1 January 2008.

19. SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of ordinary shares (thousands)	Nominal value of ordinary shares HK\$'000	Equivalent nominal value of ordinary shares RMB'000
Authorised:			
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each			
as at 1 January 2019,			
30 June 2019, 31 December 2019			
and 30 June 2020	10,000,000	100,000	81,520
Issued and fully paid:			
As at 1 January 2019,			
30 June 2019, 31 December 2019			
and 30 June 2020	552,000	5,520	4,490

20. EARNINGS PER SHARE

50

From continuing and discontinued operations

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the Company of RMB10,809,000 (30 June 2019: RMB32,076,000) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period of 552,000,000 (30 June 2019: 552,000,000).

As there were no dilutive options and other dilutive potential shares in issue for the periods ended 30 June 2020 and 2019, diluted earnings per share is the same as basic earnings per share.

From a discontinued operation

Basic and diluted earnings per share for the period from a discontinued operation is RMB0.001 per share (30 June 2019: RMB0.001 loss per share), based on the profit for the period from a discontinued operation of RMB113,000 (30 June 2019: loss RMB79,000) attributable to owners of the Company divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period of 552,000,000 (30 June 2019: 552,000,000).

From continuing operations

Basic and diluted earnings per share for the period from continuing operations is RMB0.019 per share (30 June 2019: RMB0.058), based on the profit for the period from continuing operations of RMB10,696,000 (30 June 2019: RMB32,155,000) attributable to owners of the Company divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period of 552,000,000 (30 June 2019: 552,000,000).

21. DIVIDENDS

A interim dividend in respect of the period ended 30 June 2020 of HK\$0.0725 per share (tax exclusive) (2019: Nil) was proposed pursuant to a resolution passed by the Board of Directors and subject to the approval of the shareholders. This proposed dividend is not reflected as dividend payable in the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

22. LEASE LIABILITIES

	Leasehold land
	and buildings
	RMB'000
At 1 January 2020 (Audited)	63
Addition	1,473
Lease payments	(383)
Exchange differences	3
At 30 June 2020 (Unaudited)	1,156

23. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Key management compensation

Key management includes directors (executive and non-executive) and senior management. The remuneration paid or payables to key management for employees service is shown below:

Six months ended 30 June

DISC III CITCLES C	
2020	2019
RMB'000	RMB'000
(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
3,305	2.938
	2,330

Basic salaries and benefits in kind

As disclosed in note 12(a), acquisition of 18% equity interests in Dongfang Kangtan by the Group for a cash consideration of RMB9,000,000 was a related party transaction as the Vendor was owned as to 70% by Mr. Tseung Hok Ming ("Mr. Tseung"), the non-executive director and controlling shareholder of the Company.

On 1 November 2018, Mr. Tseung (as the lender) has entered into a loan facility agreement with the Group (as borrower) to grant a loan facility up to HKD1,500,000 to a subsidiary of the Group at an interest rate of 8% per annum and repayable within one year together with accrued interest and subject to the lender's overriding right of repayment on demand. As at 30 June 2020, borrowing of approximately RMB1,533,000 (31 December 2019:RMB1,328,000) and interest payable of RMB613,000 (31 December 2019: RMB124,000) was due to Mr. Tseung and interest expense of approximately RMB489,000 (31 December 2019: RMB106,000) was recognised.

Other payables included an amount due to Mr. Tseung of approximately RMB4,618,000 (31 December 2019: RMB4,005,000), which is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

(b) Significant related party transactions

Summary of the significant related party transactions carried out by the Group during the period are follows:

Six	months	ended	30	June
-----	--------	-------	----	------

	2020	2019
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Revenue received from		
- an associate	493	981

Note:

 Revenue received in respect of solid waste processing income were mutually agreed by both parties

None of the related party transactions set out above constituted non-exempted connected transactions or non-exempted continuing connected transactions under the Listing Rules.

24. CAPITAL COMMITMENT

30 June 2020 2019
RMB'000 RMB'000
(Unaudited) (Audited)

Commitments for the acquisition of:
Property, plant and equipment — 1,464

- 1,464

As at

25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The following table shows the carrying amount and fair value of financial assets and liabilities:

	As at	
	30 June	31 December
	2020	2019
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Financial assets: Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		440.000
Perpetual bond Financial assets at amortised cost	-	110,000
- Trade and other receivables excluding prepayments - Short-term bank deposits - Cash and cash equivalents	153,589 94,200 187,194	248,563 49,180 81,826
Total	434,983	489,569
Financial liabilities: Financial liabilities at amortised cost – Borrowings – Trade and other payables excluding non-financial liabilities	56,114	37,028 130,526
Total	169,260	167,554

26. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

During the period ended 30 June 2020, the Group entered into agreement with an independent third party to dispose of its entire interest in Biofit Group, which engaged in business of organic wastewater treatment, sludge treatment and disposal, comprehensive treatment of urban organic waste and other integrated environment services in PRC. The disposal was completed in March 2020 and the Group recognised a gain on disposal of subsidiary of approximately RMB87,000.

Fair value of net assets at the date of completion of the disposal are as follows:

	(Unaudited)
	RMB'000
Property, plant and equipment	30
Contract assets, net	27,692
Trade receivables, net	2,243
Other receivables	1,602
Prepayment	31,649
Cash and cash equivalent	23
Deferred tax assets	17
Borrowings	(3,000)
Contract liabilities	(6,690)
Trade and other payables	(19,649)
Income tax payable	(4,335)
Non-controlling interests	(7,669)
Net assets disposed	21,913
Net assets disposed consideration received	22,000
Less: Net assets disposed	(21,913)
•	
Gain on disposal of subsidiary	87
·	

An analysis of net cash outflow of bank balances and cash in respect of disposal of subsidiary is as follows:

	(Unaudited)
	RMB'000
Net cash flow arising on disposal of subsidiaries	
Cash consideration	22,000
Less: bank balances and cash disposed	(23)
	21,977

27 FAIR VALUE

The fair value measurement of the Group's financial and non-financial assets and liabilities utilised market observable inputs and data as far as possible. Inputs used in determining fair value measurements are categorised into different levels based on how observable the inputs used in the valuation technique utilised are (the "Fair Value Hierarchy"):

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical items (unadjusted);
- Level 2: Observable direct or indirect inputs other than Level 1 inputs;
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs (i.e. not derived from market data).

The classification of an item into the above levels is based on the lowest level of the inputs used that has a significant effect on the fair value measurement of the item. Transfers of items between levels are recognised in the period they occur.

(i) Financial instruments not measured at fair value

Financial instruments not measured at fair value include cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, loan receivables, short-term bank deposits, trade and other payables and borrowings.

Due to their short term nature, the carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, short-term bank deposits, trade and other receivables, trade and other payables and borrowings approximate fair value.

(ii) Financial instruments measured at fair value

Financial assets at FVOCI and financial assets at FVTPL included in the consolidated financial statements require measurement at, and disclosure of, fair value.

The valuation techniques and significant unobservable inputs used in determining the fair value measurement of level 3 financial instruments, as well as the relationship between key observable inputs and fair value are set out below.

Information about level 3 fair value measurements

For the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

The fair value of the perpetual bonds was determined by the Directors with reference to the valuation performed by Graval Consulting Limited. The valuer used discounted cash flow in assessing the fair value of the bonds as at 31 December 2019 and concluded that the fair value of the perpetual bonds as at 31 December 2019 is approximately RMB110,000,000.

27 FAIR VALUE (CONTINUED)

(ii) Financial instruments measured at fair value (Continued)

Information about level 3 fair value measurements (Continued)

For the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Continued) Significant unobservable input:

Discount for contractual cash flow of 6.38%

The perpetual bonds issued by an unlisted corporation is measured at level 3 recurring fair value hierarchy.

In May 2020, the issuer had fully redeemed the bond and paid approximately RMB112,455,000.

There was no transfer under the fair value hierarchy classification during the six months ended 30 June 2020.

For the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

The fair value of the unlisted equity investment in Dongfang Kangtan was calculated using market approach. The fair value of the unlisted equity investment in Dongfang Kangtan as at 30 June 2019 was approximately RMB9,000,000.

Significant unobservable input:

Discount for lack of marketability of 25%

The unlisted equity investment in Dongfang Kangtan is measured at level 3 recurring fair value hierarchy.

On 30 December 2019, the investment is sold to an independent third party for a cash consideration of RMB9,000,000.

27 FAIR VALUE (CONTINUED)

(ii) Financial instruments measured at fair value (Continued)

For the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (Continued)

Reconciliation for financial instruments carried at fair value based on significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) are as follows:

Unlisted equity investment	Financial assets at FVTPL 2020 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	Financial assets at FVOCI 2020 RMB'000 (Unaudited)
At 1 January Total gains or losses:	110,000	-
– changes in fair value of financial assets	2,455	-
Dispose	(112,455)	
At 30 June		
Unlisted equity investment	Financial assets at FVTPL 2019 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	Financial assets at FVOCI 2019 RMB'000 (Unaudited)
At 1 January Total gains or losses:	-	6,534
– changes in fair value of financial assets		2,466
At 30 June		9,000